

BOW ISLAND CELEBRATES ON MONDAY. UP WITH THE FLAG. BOW ISLAND REVIEW.

VOL. 5 NO. 17.

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1916.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 A YEAR

A LESSON FROM THE AEROPLANE.

THE force that makes the aeroplane—a heavier than air machine—overcome the law of gravity is the propulsive power of the motor. Stop the engine and gravity exhibits its law.

In much the same way the propulsive power of advertising makes a business triumph over dragging down tendencies, personal inertia, timidities and general business depression.

Advertising is the propeller. The merchant is the pilot. His business is the machine. His community is his sustaining medium.

If you want business to soar, start the motor of advertising.

To the Public in and about Bow Island

The pilots of every dominant and progressive business in the Review are using the propulsive force of advertising in some form or other. The most powerful form of advertising is newspaper publicity.

Advertisements Save Your Time and Money.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole holder of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section available Dominion land, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency that will accept agency on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteaded land within nine miles of the homestead on a farm of at least 40 acres, on certain conditions. A valuable house is required except where residence is precluded by the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section of land in homesteaded. Price \$100 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also six months extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A seller who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$500 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate the land and build a house worth \$500.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. A. MOYER, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, N.W.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be held to.

Seed Grain for Sale.

For Sale: Clean Seed Wheat, Oats, Flax and Western Rye Grass. The Noble Foundation Ltd., Nottford, Alberta.

Impounded.

Impounded, May 12th, 1915, on the north-west quarter of S.20, W. 10, an grey black weanling horse, 10 hands, white eye on forehead, white belly. M. L. 10 ven, 12 feet, pound keeper.

Union Sunday school is held in the Presbyterian church every Sunday at 11 a.m. Methodist church service at 7.30 p.m. Chas Bishop, pastor.

Bank By Mail And Save A Trip To Town

FOR the benefit of those who live out of town, we have arranged a plan by which you can do your banking by mail quite as satisfactorily as if you stood here at our counters. Come in and let us explain the plan—or write for the information.

THE BANK OF

British North America

70 Years in Business. Capital and Surplus \$7,484,000.

BOW ISLAND BRANCH

NOTICE TO ROBERT MILLER, late of Winnifred, Alberta

TAKE NOTICE that an order nisi has been obtained in the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Calgary, against you and others by the Canadian Mortgage Association whereby the sum of \$112,500 is claimed for principal money and interest, owing under a certain mortgage dated the 23rd day of May, A.D. 1913, made by you to it together with costs and in default of payment fore-closure and sale and you are hereby notified that if you do not pay the said amount with interest and costs by the 31st day of June, A.D. 1915 the land will be sold in pursuance of the said order nisi.

At the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, this 19th day of April, A.D. 1915.

TAYLOR, MOFFAT & MOYER, Solicitors at Calgary, Alberta.

Approved: F. L. CLARY, M.C.

Notice.

To Whom It May Concern

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

IN pursuance to the order of His Honor Judge Jackson, of date March 20th, A.D. 1915, that the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Burdett, in the Province of Alberta, for the arrears of taxes due the said Village to the 31st day of December, 1914, will be held at the Council Chamber, Burdett, Alt., on the 11th day of June, A.D. 1915 at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon.

F. A. LUMBARD, Secretary-Treas.

Strayed.

Five Dollars reward for information leading to recovery of one pinto filly, black and white hind eye, two years. M. L. Buxton, north hall sec. 88-10, W. 10, M. P. 20.

Town Council.

Regular meeting of the Town Council was held in the Council Chambers on Thursday, May 12th.

Present—Mayor Robertson, Councillors Brown, Cotton, Swanninson, Reid, Russell and Smith.

The following accounts were read: C. H. Bell, draying, etc. \$2.50

Bow Island Review \$12.50

Pacific Coast Pipe Co. 0.25

Metals Ltd, gate valve 0.30

Dom. Express Co. 2.70

Customs Dept. 1.25

Max Engine Co., valve. 2.70

Telephone 2.25

J. M. Bratton, water for public trough 25.00

The above were ordered paid if found correct.

The Secretary-Treasurer stated that he was in touch with the Canada Boat Corporation, Toronto, in regard to the launch of our wood gas engine, and had received a wire from them asking for a twenty day option on same at \$5 and interest.

The Council decided to give the option on \$260 debentures.

The monthly report from the gas dept. showed that 1,184 feet of gas were consumed in the town last month.

A report was received from the public works department recommending an expenditure of \$25.00 on the ground.

The report was adopted.

R. A. Parker, interviewed the Council on behalf of Bow Island Liqueur I.O.O.F. and asked for information relative to certain customary laws which may be an aid for the sole use of the Lodge.

Mr. Parker was informed that by a former resolution these laws were referred to the Oddfellows for \$50.

Councillor Swanninson brought before the Council the matter of fire crackers, etc., being sold and used in and about the town, asking if a by-law could not be passed prohibiting the sale of such articles as they were very dangerous when used in the town in respect to starting fires.

The solicitor advised that the town had no authority to legislate against the sale of these articles, but could prohibit the use of them within the town.

The latter point being already covered in the Street Regulations by-law the Council, by a majority vote, passed a resolution requesting the merchants not to sell the above articles.

The chairman of the gas commission reported interview with Mr. Walker, C.P.R. agent, in regard to the installation of meter in the depot, the agent stating that his company could not entertain the proposition, and that if they could not continue as at present they would be obliged to discontinue the use of gas.

No action was taken.

The new Health By-law was then introduced and put through three readings.

The meeting terminated soon afterwards.

Cattle Stealing.

Arthur Pickering of the White Horse was charged before Justice Hall this week with stealing one white heifer, the property of John E. Force, also of Whittles.

Sgt. Ash of the R.N.W.M.P. conducted the prosecution.

The evidence given showed that Pickering allowed the heifer to be branded and disposed of the animal to Fuller & Smith, the local butcher, who resold it to E. Dugan.

Evidence having been submitted by W. W. Fuller, E. D. Smith, W. Cougill and John Force, Pickering was committed for trial at Medicine Hat.

Divine service will be held at All Saints Church on Sunday evening at 7.30 p.m.

Correspondence.

To the Editor of "The Bow Island Review," Edmonton, May 12th, 1916.

Dear Sir,—

In your issue of Friday, May 7th, 1916, which has just reached me, I observe a letter to the Liquor Act signed by one "Hibby."

Whilst it is true, and never has been our policy to enter into controversy with every petty Moral Reformer who seeks a little cheap notoriety through the medium of the local press, none of the statements made by the particular individual are so grossly untrue as to call for strong refutation.

With regard to the question of taxation, should the proposed Liquor Act become law there would be imposed upon the province the cost of administering and enforcing the numerous and complicated penal clauses which it contains. There would be no revenue coming in for this purpose except the balance remaining after paying the salaries of the authorized vendors. There would be a very small sum inasmuch as the vendors can only sell to doctors, druggists, veterinarians, engineers, or for scientific or mechanical purposes.

At present the provinces derives from liquor license fees the sum of \$25,660.00 annually (figures for 1914).

There is also the proposition of the Customs and Excise duties which comes to the province annually from the Dominion. Last year this proportion amounted to approximately \$5,600.00.

In the case of Alberta the taxpayers of the province would have to supply the balance of the deficiency resulting from the absence of the amount of Customs and Excise duties which could be fairly charged against the Province. At present you pay this tax on liquor? The people who use it and not only that. On the other hand the withdrawal of the Customs and Excise duties would result in the whole body of the taxpayers being mulcted in a larger amount of taxes.

Your correspondent, Sir, says "Study Kansas." Now, go right ahead.

Will be good enough to answer the following question?

If prohibition is the cause of a wonderful low death rate, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why has Topeka, the capital of Kansas, a death rate higher than that of seventeen capital cities in States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and its death rate is exceeded by the rate in fifty-seven capital cities in registration area, four of which eleven are in prohibition States.

If prohibition makes homes happy, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the annual average divorce rate in Kansas higher than in any other State in the Union?

If prohibition is a benefit to the Church, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the percentage of church membership in Kansas lower than the percentage in thirty-seven States in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibition saves the boy and the girl, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the rate of juvenile delinquency higher in the State of Kansas than in sixteen States in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibition improves the mental status of the community and prevents insanity, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the rate of insanity in Kansas higher than the rate of insanity in sixteen States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why the tremendous increase in the rate of insanity in Kansas in recent years, although so many numbers report no change on last point?

O Canada! With countless civility, At Langensure they none have tried for thee.

For England's cause and Belgium's too, each of which was well received. 'Gainst Prussian might and Kaiser's rule they braved the poison ed air.

O Canada! Whose wide and spacious plains Give promise fair of yield from dying ground.

God give that thou live so proudly upon thy battlefield and wave May rise a jubilee valley of life they died to save.

Needless to say this aroused the audience greatly and provoked rounds of applause. Mr. Swayne was greatly assisted in this by a double quartette.

Other items that were equally pleasing were violin solos by Prof. Tremblay, pianoforte duet by Mrs. Tremblay and Miss M. Taylor, and a song by Mr. V. Hardy.

Rev. Chas. Bishop gave an excellent address on Red Cross work.

A bunch of horses was introduced by Messrs. B. L. Jamison and T. H. Blaine in their play "It-dreaming their character," surprised everyone, each boy acting his part splendidly. The scene taking part in this comprised Leo Smith, Dwight Hoaglin, Willie Cotton, Homer McWilliams, Bertie and Arnold Bruce.

The Mayor (H. H. Robertson) acted as chairman for the evening.

Well ! Well ! Well

Wouldn't this put a crimp in sending out of town for your

Plow : Shares

Compare our prices for cash. All makes the same price We carry the stock. We make Mail Order Houses look sick

PARIS GREEN TO FEED THE CUT WORM

GET YOUR SCREEN DOORS NOW

CHEAP

BOW ISLAND HARDWARE CO. LTD.

Patriotic Concert

These who were unable to attend the patriotic concert in the I.O.O.F. hall on Thursday evening missed a rare treat, for rarely in Bow Island do we have one with such a plethora of musical talent. Each number in the concert was the piece of the ticket.

The concert opened with the singing of the National Anthem, "God Save the King," the Bow Island Odd Corps occupying the stage standing at the salute—presenting a striking picture.

The programme was a most delightful one, and was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

This consisted of several pieces by the Bow Island Orchestra, a musical body that is especially the pride of the citizens, and of which our old friend, Prof. Tremblay, has again assumed the leadership.

Mrs. Patterson sang beautifully two solos, "Angels guard thee" and "My Lullaby," both of which were heartily applauded. These numbers were contributed by Miss Helen Patterson, daughter of Mr. A. W. Swayne, sang our striking national air, "O Canada" for which he composed and inserted the following additional verses:—

O Canada! With countless civility, At Langensure they none have tried for thee.

For England's cause and Belgium's too, each of which was well received. 'Gainst Prussian might and Kaiser's rule they braved the poison ed air.

O Canada! Whose wide and spacious plains Give promise fair of yield from dying ground.

God give that thou live so proudly upon thy battlefield and wave May rise a jubilee valley of life they died to save.

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The Mayor (H. H. Robertson) acted as chairman for the evening.

THE NEW Brand Act

requires the re-registration of all the Brands in the Province. All persons who registered Brands before December 28th, 1915, will require to have the same re-registered during the present year. Notices are being sent out, but because of changes of address they may not reach some owners of Brands and all such are requested to communicate with the Registrar of Brands at Medicine Hat at once, giving a description of their Brands and their present address, when full information will be sent them with respect to renewal of the same.

H. A. CRAIG, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Province of Alberta.

NOTICE TO KODAKERS

We have taken over the Agency for Kodak Goods and have a stock to fill your wants. Developing and Printing Orders promptly attended to.

THE BLAINE DRUG & BOOK CO.

PROWSE & LYONS
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc.
J. B. Lyons, J. M. Prowse
Bow Island every Thursday afternoon
and Friday forenoon.
TABER. A.M.T.A.

BOW ISLAND REVIEW
W. P. Cotto, prop.
BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA
Published Friday. \$1.50 a year.

Advertising Rates.
Card of thanks, 50 cents. Local ads
under reading matter, 10c per line first
insertion, 5c per line each subsequent
insertion.
Classified ads., 20c first insertion
and 10c each subsequent insertion.
Announcements of entertainments,
etc., conducted by churches, societies, etc.,
where admission is charged, at half price.
Where the object is not to make money, the notices will be published free.
Local notices, 10c per line first insertion,
5c per line each subsequent insertion.
Display advertising rates on application.

LOCAL & GENERAL.

Mrs. B. D. Smith is visiting in Lethbridge this week.

Birth.—On Saturday, May 15, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Scott a son.

Revs. Chas. Bishop and H. A. Cook were visitors to Medicine Hat this week.

R. H. Lockenby resumed his duties this week as Bow Island's chief of police.

Dr. and Mrs. Peterson were visitors to Grassy Lake on Tuesday.

D. Needham, who is running an hotel at Coleman, spent Thursday here.

Messrs. Kirkham and Johnston of Burdett autotied into Bow Island on Tuesday and attended the service at All Saints' church.

A. F. Werts traded his car this week to J. Parker for a house and lot south of the track.

Mrs. A. F. Dahm has greatly improved during the past week and is expected home on Saturday.

Two letters addressed to us this week on the question of Prohibition are held over for reasons which we will give in our next issue.

A special feature of the celebration on Monday next will be a review of the Bow Island Cadet Corps by the Mayor and School Trustees.

The Citizens' Lumber Co. has bought out the yard of the Pioneer Lumber Co. at Winnipeg. R. A. Parker is down to-day arranging the transfer.

Mr. Hubka, north-east of Bow Island, has about five acres of alfalfa in splendid shape. It is now about 18 inches high and growing strong. Nothing wrong with Bow Island this year.

F. W. Brown received official confirmation this week from the Department of the Interior in passing the examination for a lieutenancy in the Alberta Hussars. His average of 83.75 shows that he made full use of his time at Edmonton.

Mr. H. S. Dupuy, manager of the Bank of Montreal, Brockville, Ont., received word on Tuesday that his son, Harry Lennox Dupuy, brother of G. R. Dupuy of Bow Island, was killed in action. Mr. Dupuy, who was 20 years old, was serving with the Victoria Rifles, 11th Batt., Royal Montreal Regiment.

A government surveyor is taking measurements this week on land adjoining the town on the west side. Various reasons are being ventured as to the survey, and some of our citizens are anxiously enquiring as to whether it forecasts the establishment of an internment camp. Personally, we don't know anything about it, but it is always as well to be prepared.

Confirmation service was held at All Saints' church on Tuesday night, the Right Rev. Bishop Pinkham of Calgary officiating, assisted by Rev. A. W. Swayne and Rev. Mr. Gammon. Owing to a misunderstanding in the date, the service, which had been advertised as taking place on the Wednesday, was not attended by the citizens as it would have been, but nevertheless between forty and fifty persons were present, all of whom took the greatest interest in the beautiful ceremony of confirmation. After the service a reception was held in the Rectory, at which a large number of the congregation were present.

District News.

HAYCROFT and SELZ.

After Day exercises were held in the school building of the R. B. and a new school garden was laid out fenced and planted by the pupils and their teacher, Mr. Steele. There were recitations and songs suitable for the occasion, flag raising, cleaning up the school yard, and a closing entertainment, at which Mr. Stewart and Mr. Dalm were speakers. Mr. Dalm landed a barrel of water for the tree planting, and also some fence posts. Mr. Howard the painter and landscaper, Mr. Andrew Hansen and Mr. Jenkins gave the wives and many of the parents contributed balls, flowers and vegetable seeds. Empire Day will be celebrated Friday afternoon, May 18th, and a photo of the school taken.

Note.—Owing to want of space the remainder of the Haycroft news items available held over until next week.
—Ed. Review.

MALEB.

Mrs. A. W. Staver left Tuesday on a visit to Calgary.

Arthur Stephens arrived here last week from Medicine Hat, over his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Dupuy were in town on Friday last.

Stewart was visiting his brother Charles here this week.

L. S. Sewell, who has been working for Mr. Reeves for a while, has gone to work on the alfalfa fence wall of here. He will also put in a short time for Ed. McHugh.

The farmers in this district are exceedingly busy and seeding all the land possible.

Joe Neil and Mr. and Mrs. Gedick were visitors in town on Tuesday.

Mr. W. S. Henry was a visitor to Bow Island on Tuesday.

Wheat 14-12 inches.

(Calgary Alberta)

Gains all over the province, and particularly in the south country, have simply shot ahead during the recent rains, which could not have come at a more seasonable time if the farmer himself had had the say. Lethbridge is showing wheat ten inches high, but G. R. Brown, of Maleb, a fruitful district north of Bow Island, comes forward with the announcement that the wheat at his farm is 14-12 inches.

Correspondence.

(Continued from page 1)
issue, and why should it cost Kansas nearly one million dollars annually to care for her insane, juvenile delinquents, lunatics and epileptics?

If prohibition eliminates crime, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the rate of prisoners confined for grave and less heinous crimes in Kansas than in temperance States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and for general offences higher in Kansas than in nine States in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibition prevents pauperism, and produces property, and is the cause of thrift, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the pauper rate in Kansas higher than the pauper rate in ten States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why is it that Kansas has a smaller proportion of its citizens with savings accounts than its

thirty-seven States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why is it that the savings accounts of the relatively few Kansans who have them average only about one-half the average savings accounts of the rest of the country?

If prohibition will not increase taxation why has the tax rate in Kansas increased 101.8 per cent. in the last 18 years?

The correspondent also says that there will be good hotel accommodation under the proposed Liquor Act. What guarantee does he have that such will be the case? The so-called Temperance party has no definite proposals whatever to put forward in regard to this matter. They are going to leave it all to chance. "Oh! Some one will come along."

To say that there are good temperance hotels in this State is not an answer to the question. The present Liquor License Ordinance grants a license to a hotel as an hotel complete in every particular—the sale of liquor is only a part of that for which the license is granted and the license may be forfeited for violation of the law, and regard to any part of the hotel.

The correspondent also asserts that the statement is untrue that "Alcohol legitimately obtained could not be used for sick persons except from special doctors' prescriptions." I understand that this statement is absolutely correct, and refer him to sections 2, 2.30, 2.30 and 2.30 which expressly provide that no sick person shall consume liquor legitimately obtained through a vendor except on a doctor's prescription.

The correspondent also asserts that the Act for distribution and retailing of it read, "This is an absolute falsehood."

The Licensed Victuallers' Association has distributed some fifty thousand copies of the Act printed in English and twenty thousand in French. If we could be certain that every volume in the province would read the Act from start to finish, any other publicity work would be altogether unnecessary. The Act would defeat itself.

Trusting Mr. Edmon, that you will grant me space in your columns.

I remain, yours truly,
Licensed Victuallers' Association,
Per D. J. Tevendale

VICTORIA DAY CELEBRATION

BOW ISLAND

MAY 24th 1915

PROGRAM OF SPORTS

	1st Prize.	2nd Prize
10.0 a.m. Race for boys under 10 years	1.00	0.50
10.10 Race for girls under 10 years	1.00	0.50
10.20 Race for boys under 15	1.00	0.50
10.30 Race for girls under 15	1.00	0.50
10.40 Three-legged race for boys under 15	.75	.45
10.50 Girls' potato race under 15	1.00	0.50
11.00 JUNIOR BALL GAME. Winning team \$5.00		

12.45 p.m. — Parade of Horses hooked to buggies and Farm Team to Ball Grounds. Prize \$4.00 for best turn out of each.

AWARD PRIZES IN GOLFIER CONTEST.		
1.15 100 yard dash (open)	3.00	1.50
1.30 Fat man's race, 75 yards	2.00	1.00
1.40 Running broad jump, three trials	2.00	1.00
1.50 Running, hop, step and jump	2.00	1.00
2.00 220 yard dash, open	3.00	1.50
2.10 High jump	2.00	1.00
2.20 Married ladies' race, 75 yards	2.00	1.00
2.30 Boys' pony race, 74 hands or under	2.00	1.00
2.40 Open saddle race	4.00	2.00
2.50 Tag-of-war (Farmers vs. Town)	Box of cigars	
3.00 Stake race for saddle horses, open	4.00	2.00
3.45 Ball Game, Borden vs. Bow Island		
6.30 Ball Game, Taber vs. Bow Island		

DISPLAY BY BOY SCOUTS DURING THE DAY.

Committee in Charge of Day—J. W. Reid, R. S. Beattie, Dr. Peterson, E. C. Bateman and H. A. Smith.

Judges for Children's Sports—C. S. B. Lait and K. Bateman. Judges for Afternoon Sports—Messrs. Parker, Brown and MacLaren.

Judges of Horses hooked to buggy and Best Farm Team—J. M. Bratton, F. Taylor and J. D. James. Official Starter—H. E. Beattie.

Admission to All Events Free.

GRAND STAND 10c.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
Big Dance in Evening. Admission 50c.

A New Thought.

AFTER the war is all over and the British Colonies get equal representation with the mother country in a new Imperial Parliament for the Empire, will the new Parliament be held at the City of Jerusalem, which would be the most central for all parts of the Empire.

Another Thought—

A thought that is worth money to you and one which you should never forget, is that T. W. DYER handles a full line of General Merchandise, and is also paying especial attention to the Seed and Feed question at the present time. Anyone wishing to get seed or any kind of feed from us should bring empty sacks with them, as we always buy our grain in bulk and get the chopping done in town, so that we can guarantee the quality of the goods and save the expense of the sacks. First-class hay always in stock.

T. W. DYER

General Merchant Bow Island

MAKE OUR OWN BINDER TWINE

An Industry That Should be Encouraged in Western Canada—Use the Raw Flax Fibre

The farmers of Western Canada are now busy harvesting a crop which it is estimated will yield two hundred and fifty million bushels. Think for a moment of the enormous quantity of binder twine that will be sold! Yet with the existence of such a market comparatively little of the twine is made here. Our needs are really supplied by the United States. Tons and tons of flax fibre, which some day will be perfected as a raw material for the manufacture of binder twine, are going to waste on the prairies every season, all because no one can make profitable use of it in Canada. There is not even the inducement to save this raw material for the purpose of manufacturing. Such a condition exists chiefly on an unequal competition in the binder twine trade between Canada and the United States and other more powerful industries have not only absolutely free access to the Canadian market, but also practice the expedient of securing large supplies of raw materials in the United States. Time was, when the greater part of the binder twine manufactured in Canada was made by Canadian manufacturers. To-day, as overwhelming a large share of this business is in the hands of the so-called "Harvest Trust," which does not make a pound of twine in Canada, but sends it from mills located across the line.

STOCK AND THE DAIRY

Development of These Industries Along the Calgary-Edmonton Line

Possibly a part of the West offers better facilities for mixed farming than that along the railway from Medicine Hat to Edmonton. There is little or no dairying, however, until one strikes Edmonton, where there is a dairy industry which is producing 1,000 lbs. of butter a week, having increased from 50 lbs. in three weeks. The people all through this territory are devoting more and more attention to dairying, stock raising, and the growing of coarse grains. There also has been along the line of industrial development. The trip from Leth River to Medicine Hat, through the country, the rolling land, dairy herds, horses, streams, sections of bush are attractive and offer exceptional opportunities for mixed farming. This applies especially to the district between Calgary and Edmonton. In some cases the dairy tract of last year which caught the wheat was a blessing in disguise and compelled some farmers to look to other sources of income. That they might not the necessary financial returns. At Lethbridge one farmer fed his flocks with wheat and in that way obtained \$1 a bushel for it. E. R. Wallace, who farms 100 acres, has gone into stock raising, sells on grain but feeds it to his hogs, thus obtaining good returns from his farm. Further evidence of mixed farming is seen in the large number of cans of milk and cream at various stations. Calgary sends a large quantity of milk to Calgary at \$2.25 per hundred lbs. in winter and 3.50 per hundred lbs. in summer. One farmer has stables for 114 head of dairy cattle, having a barn and equipment costing \$5,000.00. Two other firms have 60 dairy cattle each. Dairymen ship large quantities of milk, butter, cream and eggs and three cans of hogs per week. As many as 200 cans a day of milk and cream are sent to Calgary. A large quantity of hay is shipped from Didsbury, Olds, Innisfail, and adjacent points to British Columbia.

LOCAL MARKETS HELP FARMERS

Extension of Industries Provides a Market for Produce

A dispatch to the Toronto Globe from John A. Lait, says: "An encouraging feature of the outlook for farmers in the Maritime Provinces is the growth of the towns, which provide a growing market for produce. While there is no phenomenal growth, it is steady. Take for example, the town of Amherst. The Board of Trade met last week to discuss the housing problem. It was stated that from 100 to 150 men were working in best factories lived elsewhere, because of a lack of houses in the town, and President Curry of the Amherst Board of Trade stated that the population of Amherst would be increased by 1,500 this summer if houses could be provided. The increase would be almost wholly due to an enlargement of the number of industries requiring skilled workmen. In Sicily a saw mill still is nearing completion, which will give employment to many hands, and other industries in the same line are being started. In Nova Scotia are showing substantial growth and this all means a better local market for the farmer."